# Governance of Agricultural Cooperatives

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# What is an agricultural cooperative?



# An agricultural cooperative is a farmer business:

User-owned

User-controlled

User-benefitted



## Why does **governance matter**?

Because ownership matters.

And why does ownership matter?



# **Basics of Ownership**

Ownership Right	<b>Key Decisions</b>	Corresponding Model
Residual income rights	<ul><li>Financing</li><li>Patronage</li><li>Benefits</li></ul>	Ownership model
Residual control rights	<ul> <li>Purpose</li> <li>Main strategy and policies</li> <li>Major organizational decisions</li> </ul>	Governance model

**Efficient ownership?** 



## Organizational Design (1)

Who owns?

Who controls?

Who benefits?



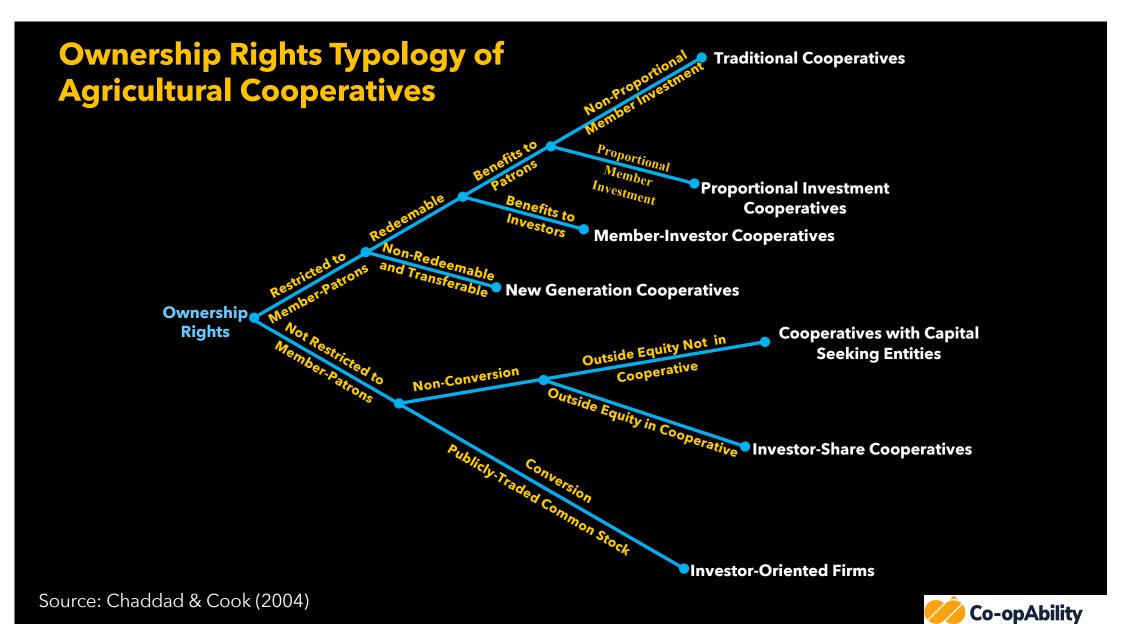
## Organizational Design (2)

- Ownership model
- Governance model
- Measurement of performance
- Organizational culture



# Ownership Models in Agricultural Cooperatives





## Choice of Ownership Model

**Co-opAbility** 

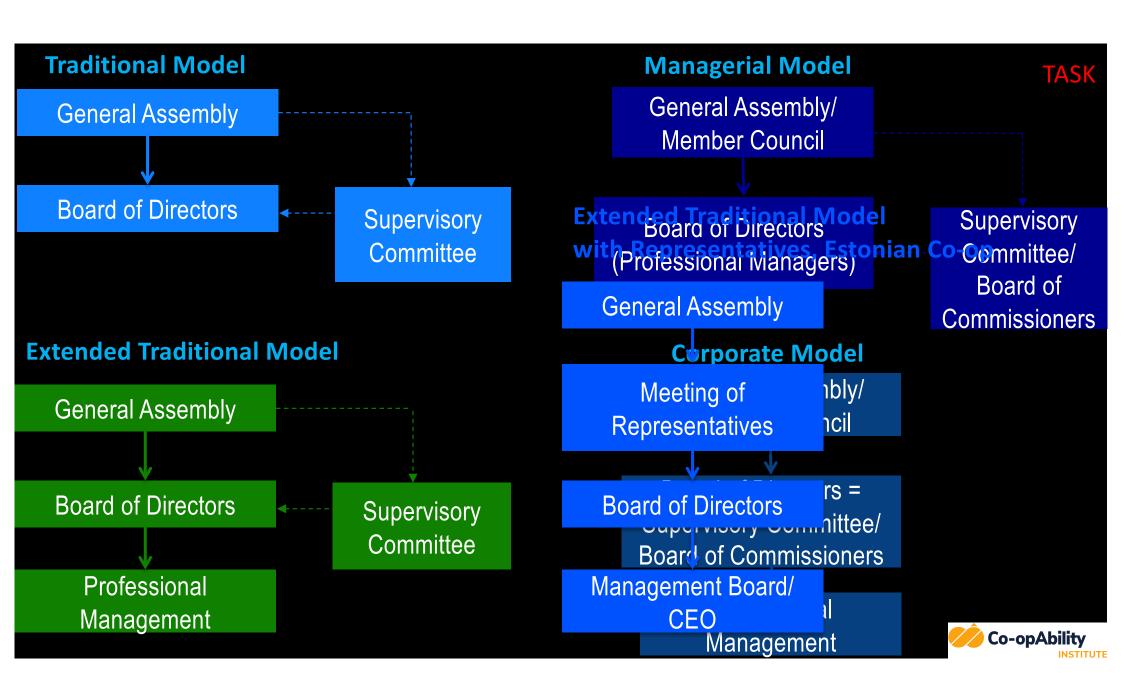
#### **Examples of Tradeoffs:**

– Members as investors – Members as patrons

Risk capital contribution – Member ownership

# Governance Models in Agricultural Cooperatives





# How do agricultural co-operatives choose governance model?

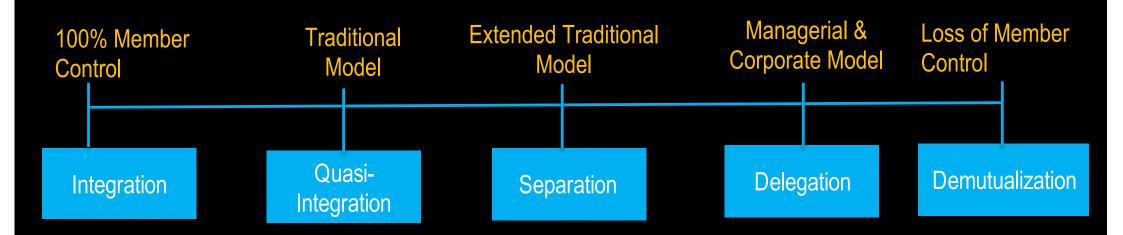
#### **Examples of Trade-offs:**

Monitoring costs – Collective decision-making costs

Organizational complexity – Formal/Real authority



# Member Control Along the Governance Structure Continuum





# Let's get inside cooperative governance...



## **Decision Rights**

#### **Decision management**

Initiation and implementation of decisions

#### **Decision control**

Ratification and monitoring of decisions

#### Basic Economic Principle

If decision makers do no bear the major wealth effects of their decisions, decision management and decision control will be held by separate decision makers.

**Co-opAbility** 

INSTITUTE

### The Tree of Governance

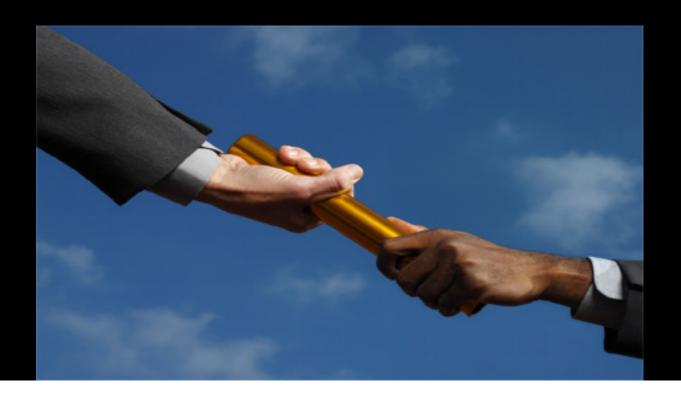
# **Decision Management**



**Decision Control** 



# Which decisions to delegate?





#### The Decision Tree\*

**Delegation Guidelines** 

LEAF decisions

Make the decision. Act on it. Do not report the action you took.

BRANCH decisions

Make the decision. Act on it. Regularly report your actions.

TRUNK decisions

Make the decision. Report your decision BEFORE you act.

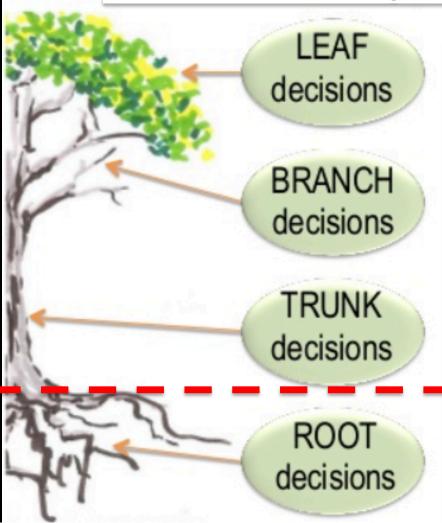
ROOT decisions

Confer with others to make the decision. These decisions pose great risk.

Co-opAbility

#### THE GOVERNANCE TREE

**Delegation Guidelines** 

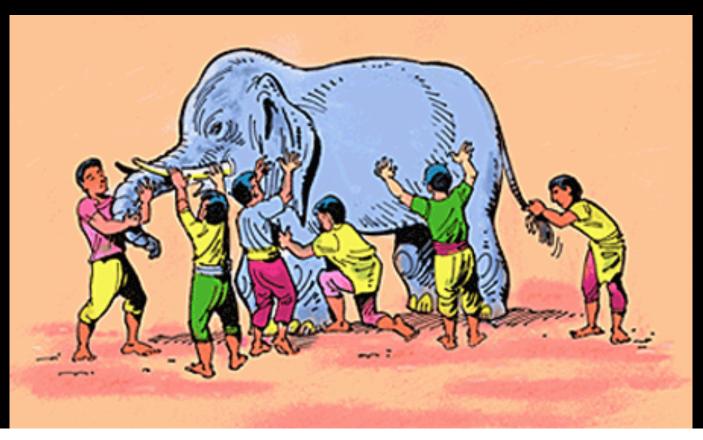


COOPERATIVE
MEMBERS SHOULD
NEVER DELEGATE TO
NON-MEMBERS THEIR
COOPERATIVE'S

**ROOT DECISIONS** 



# Cooperative Ownership & Governance: Seeing the Whole Picture...

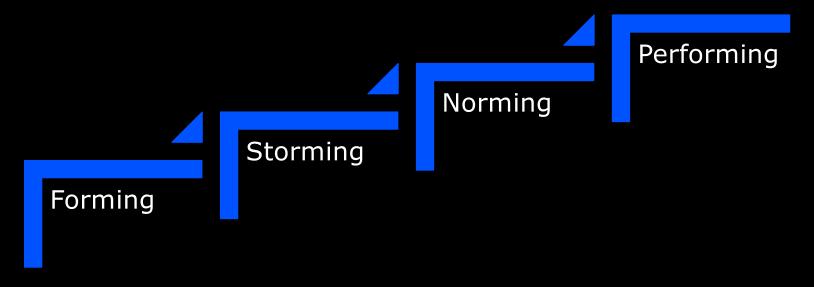




# Cooperatives are also about successful team work



# Stages of Team Development



Self-disclosure & feedback → → → → Comfort with Interdependence



## The 5 basics of successful teams

Attention to Results

**Accountability** 

Commitment

Ability for Constructive Conflict

**Trust** 



# Governance of Agricultural Cooperatives:

Takeaways...



#### 1. If not cooperative members, then who?

- Really own your co-op...
- Really control your co-op...
- Ensure your co-op's longevity...
- Become the solution, not the problem











### 6. Solution Focus

**Co-opAbility** 

## Thank You!

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