

Outline

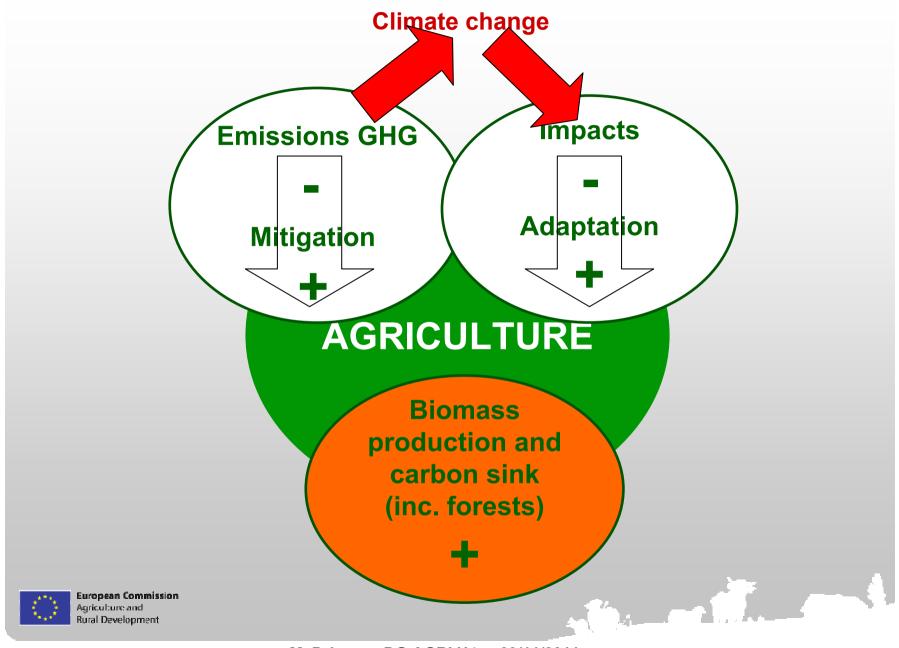
- Climate change challenges for EU agriculture and forestry
- CAP Post 2013
 - Objectives
 - Direct payments new measures
 - Rural Development new measures
 - Cross compliance new measures
- Concrete examples of synergetic effect of measures
- Budget
- Agenda



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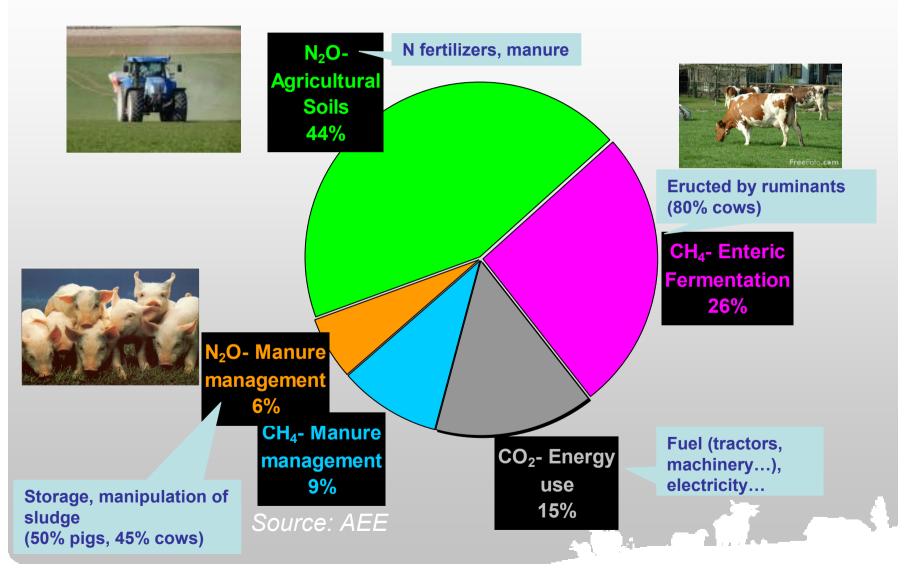
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EU Agriculture GHG emissions by source

(including CO₂ from energy but not fromLULUCF)



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What objectives for Europe?

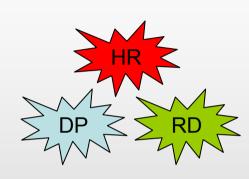
Commission Communication 'The CAP towards 2020'

Challenges Policy objectives To contribute to farm income and limit its variability To improve sector Europe 2020 competitiveness and share in food chain value-added · To compensate areas with Viable food natural constraints production **Economic** To guarantee the provision of public goods **Sustainable** To foster green growth through management of **Environmental** innovation natural resources To pursue climate change and climate action mitigation and adaptation **Balanced** To support rural vitality and **Territorial** employment territorial To promote diversification development To allow social and structural diversity in rural areas **Simplification** European Commission Agriculture and Rural Davelopment

CAP legislative package

- Main elements of the legislative framework for the CAP 2014-2020:
 - Direct payments regulation
 - Single CMO regulation
 - Rural development regulation
 - Horizontal regulation



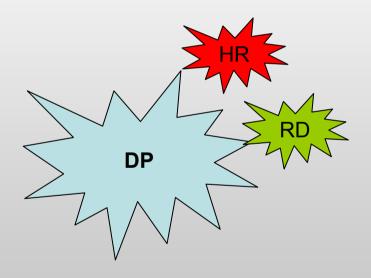


Other elements

- Transitional regulation for DP in 2013,
- article 43(3) regulation,
- wine transfer regulation



CAP legislative package



New design of direct payments for farmers

Degressivity and Capping (all layers except Green Payment)

Convergence Inter/intra MS

Simplified - Climate change **Cross compliance**

Coupled support

- Wide range of sectors
- Up to 5% or 10% of DP envelope
- **Volontary**

Natural constraint support

- For areas with natural constraints
- Up to 5% of the DP env.
- Volontary

Young Farmer Scheme

- Commencing activity
- < 40 years

- For 5 years
- Up to 2% of DP envelope

Sustainab DP art 30 eme

- **Crop diversification**
- Permanent grassland
- **Ecological focus area**
 - Basic Fay
- **Definition of active farmer**
- New entitlements in 2014
- National or regional flat rate per eligible hectare

the DP envelope

Small Farmer Scheme

- Simplification of claims and controls
- Lump sum payment to be determined by MS under conditions
- Entrance in 2014
- Up to 10% of the DP envelope

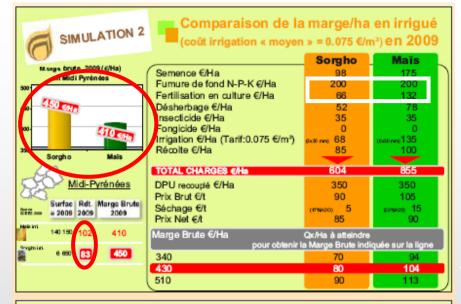


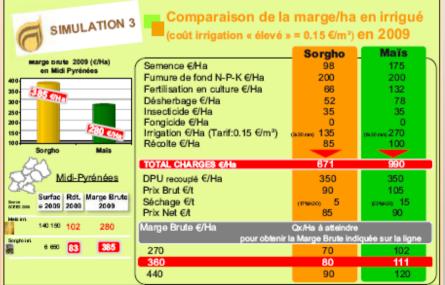


Greening in first pillar

ex: crop diversification

finding Alternatives

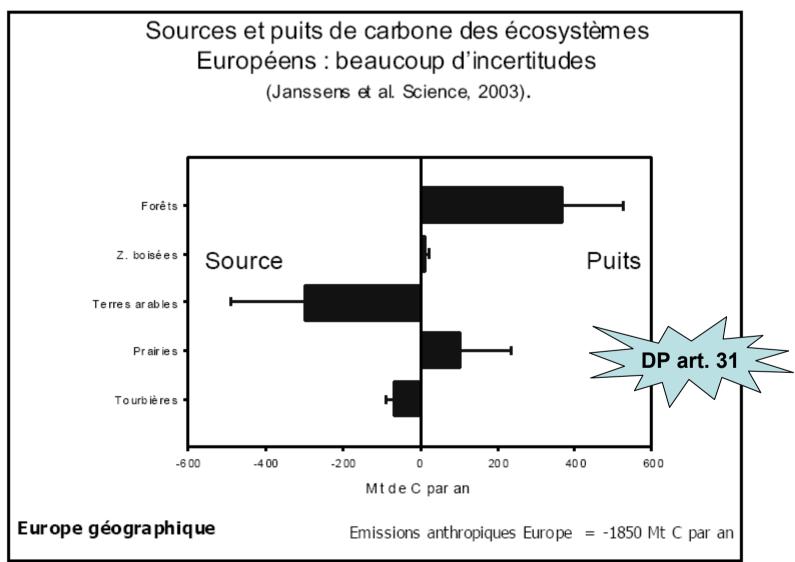




European Commission Agriculture and Rural Development

Le Journal du Sorgho - N°21 Mars - Avril 2010

Permanent grassland Land uses sink/source

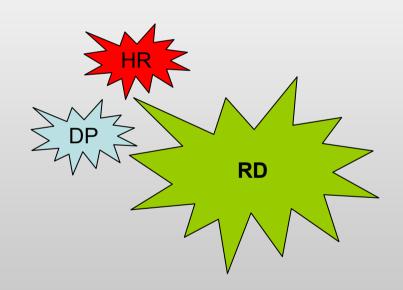


Source: Soussana INRA

Total cost for greening Açores (PT) Total costs Madeira (PT) of the implementation of the greening measures Canarias (ES) Option 1 € per ha of PEA ≤ 10 10 - 20 0.50 km 20 - 30 30 - 50 > 50 N.A. 0.50 km Source: DG AGRI - EU-FADN (AIDS7K model) and AGLINK Year: 2007 Réunion (FR) Year: 2007 Elaboration: DG AGRI - L3 Cartography: DG AGRI GIS-Team 07/2011 © EuroGeographics for the administrative boundaries 040 km Guyane (FR) 750 km

Rural Development

CAP legislative package



Rural development in a new framework

CAP/EU policy objectives

Europe 2020

Viable food production

Sustainable management of natural resources and climate action

Balanced territorial development

Simplification

- Single framework for EU funds
 - Common Strategic Framework (CSF)
 - Partnership Contracts
 - Performance framework
- Rural development regulation
 - Six priorities for rural development
 - Around 20 measures (without axes)
 - Programming
 - Financing
 - Monitoring and Evaluation
 - European Innovation Partnership 'Agricultural productivity and sustainability'



The Rural development regulation

Europe 2020 in rural areas : Six priorities with areas of intervention

- 1. Foster **knowledge transfer and innovation** in agriculture, forestry and rural areas
- 2. Enhance competitiveness of all types of agriculture and enhance farm viability
- 3. Promote food chain organization and **risk management** in agriculture
- **4. Restore, preserve and enhance ecosystems** dependent on agriculture and forestry
- 5. Promote resource efficiency and support the shift towards a low carbon and climate resilient economy in agriculture, food and forestry sectors
- 6. Promote social inclusion, poverty reduction and economic development in rural areas

In the RD Reg.:





New menu of measures for Rural Development



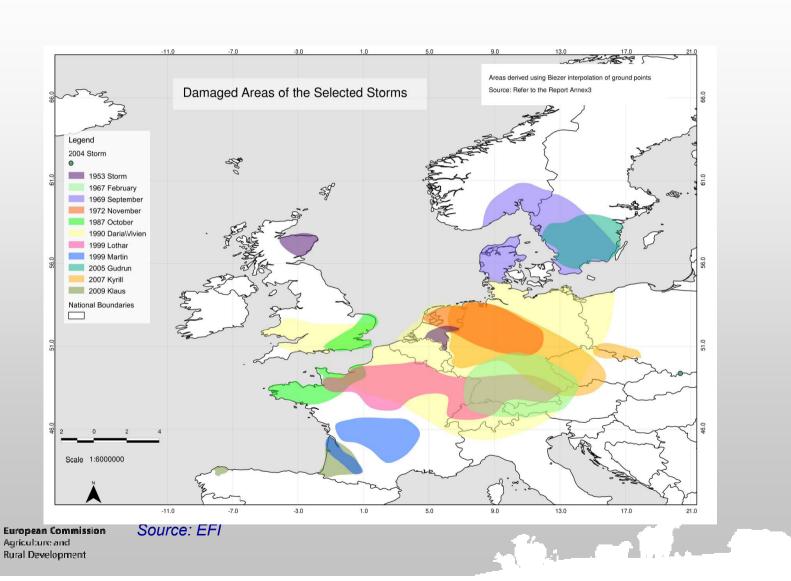
Mitigation & adaptation options in many measures

- Knowledge transfer and information actions
- Advisory services
- Quality schemes
- Investments in physical assets
- Restoring production potential damaged
- Farm and business development
- Basic services and village renewal
- Investments in forest area, afforestation and agroforestry, prevention and restauration of damage to forests, investments improving resilience and env value, Investments in new forestry technologies, forest env & climate services and conservation.
- Setting up of producer groups
- Agri-environment-climate
- Organic farming
- Areas facing natural and specific constraints 25%
- Natura 2000 and WFD
- Animal welfare
- Cooperation
- Risk management, insurance, mutual funds and income stabilization tool.



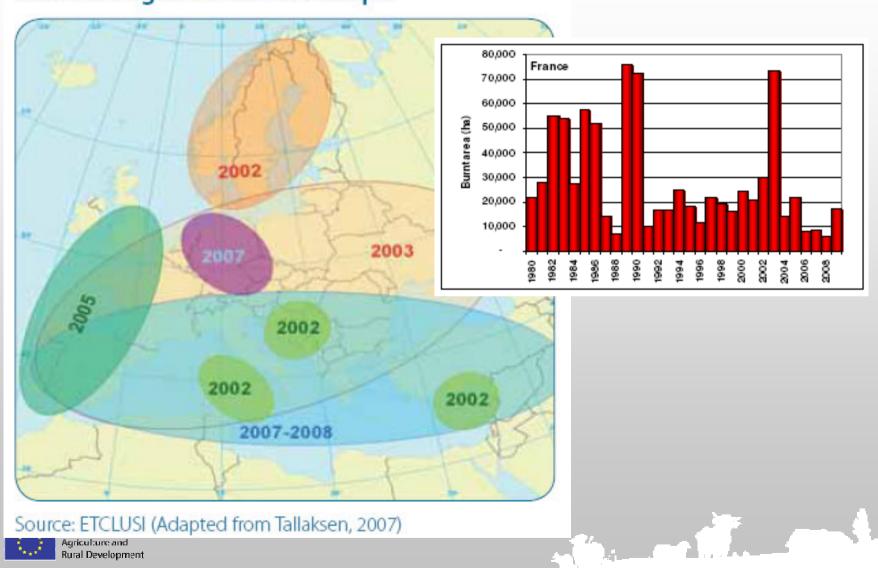
RD art 53 EIP

Greening in second pillar: ex: Potential restoration



Greening in second pillar: ex: Potential restoration and fire prevention

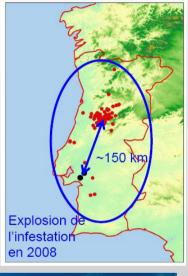
Main drought events in Europe

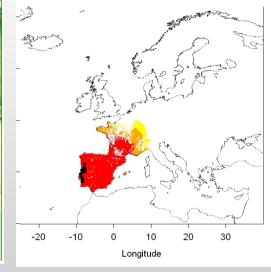


Greening in second pillar: pests prevention/action example of pine tree nematode









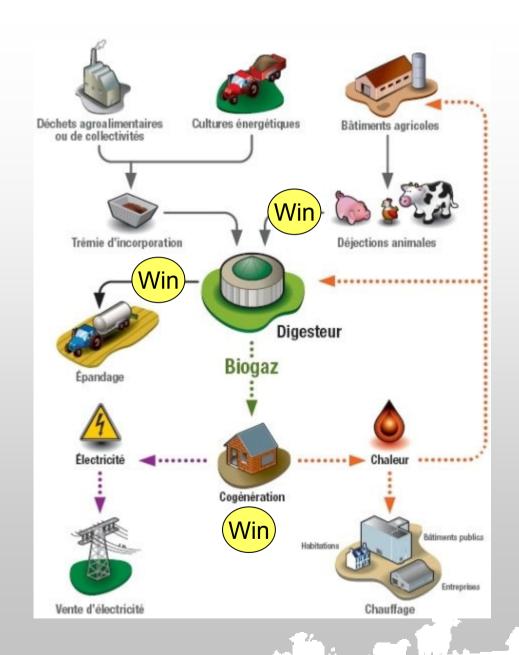




Probability of expansion in 2030 (current climate) (Source: Robinet et al. Mentioned by D. Piou)

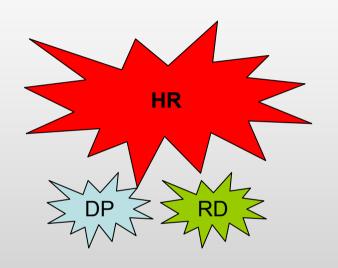
Mitigation:
Example
of fossil fuel substitution

Biogas from manure the perfect win/win/win





CAP legislative package



Cross compliance

Art 12(2)c & Annex I

Scope of FAS

PAYMENTS COVERED

Direct payments:

- Basic payment Scheme
- Greening
- •All other payments (inc.
- •Rural development annual
- Afforestation and agrofo
- •Agri-environment-clime
- Organic farming
- •Natura 2000 and WFD
- Animal welfare
- Forest environment

Single CMO (Wine annual payments):

Restructuration

Green harvesting

HR Art 93 Permanent grassland at MS level (2014-2015)
DP Art 31 Permanent grassland at farm level (max 5% conversion)

Article 93 & Annex II
Requirements and standards

Env. Climate change, good agr. condition of land

Water:

SMP4: Witrates

- 4. Buffor strips
 - rrigation authorisation
- v 3: Groundwater

Son sarbon stock:

GAEC 4: Minimum soil cover

GAEC 5: Minimum land management erosign

GAEC 6: Maintenance soil organic matter

GAEC 7: Wetland and carbon rich soils

Biodiversity: SMR 2: Birds

SMR 3: Habitats

Landscape:

GAEC 8: Landscapes feature

Public health (7 SMRs)

Animal welfare (3 SMRs)



"Requirements or actions and advices at the level of beneficiaries as defined by Member States where appropriate under: Climate change mitigation and adaptation:

- <u>Information on</u> prospective impacts of climate change in the relevant regions, of the green house gas emissions of the relevant farming practices and on the contribution of the agricultural sector to mitigation through improved farming and agroforestry practices and through the development of renewable energy projects on farm And energy efficiency improvement on farm.

-...*»*

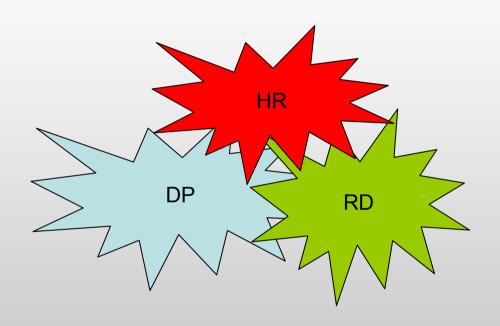


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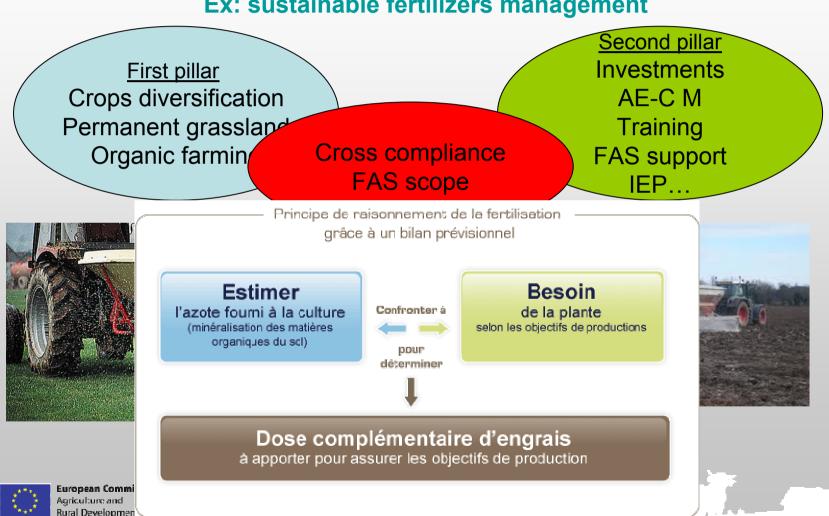
CAP legislative package



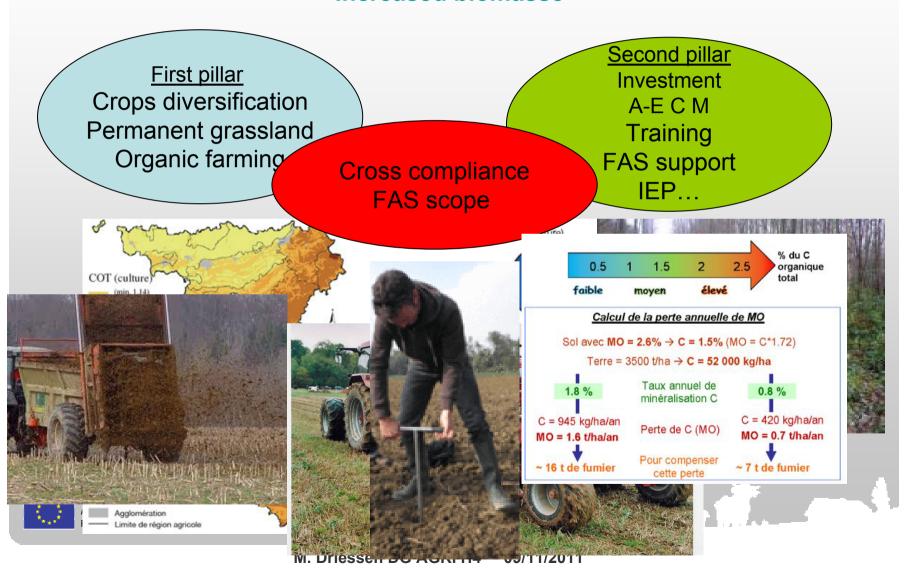
Synergies



Greening in both pillars: Ex: sustainable fertilizers management



Ex of mitigation (& adaptation): soils management and systems resilience Increase SOC = Improved soil fertility and carbon sequestration Increased biomasse



Ex of adaptation (& mitigation): water savings & resource efficiency Baseline Indicators Second pillar First pillar Crops diversification Investments Green infrastructures (EFA) A-E C M (inc. Organic) Permanent grassland Training Organic farming FAS support. Cross compliance FAS scope European Comr Agriculture and

M. Driessen DG AGRI H4 09/11/2011

Table 9 Effect of a selection of mitigation measures on carbon sequestration in agriculture

	Potential implementtation cost	Probability of implementation*	Global mitigation potential (Smith <i>et al.</i> , 2008) (tCO ₂ eq./ha/yr)
Catch crops	Low	High	0.29 - 0.88
Reduced tillage	Low	Medium (low in some areas)	0.15 - 0.70
Residue management	Low	High	0.15 - 0.70
Extensification	Medium	Low	1.69 - 3.04
Fertiliser application	No	Medium (already done in some areas)	0.26 - 0.55
Fertiliser type	Low	Medium (already done in some areas)	0.26 - 0.55
Rotation species	No	Medium	0.29 - 0.88
Adding legumes	Low	High	0.26 - 0.55
Permanent crops	Variable	Low (reduces flexibility)	1.69 - 3.04
Agroforestry	Medium	Low (reduces flexibility)	0.15 - 0.70
Grass in orchards & vineyards	Medium/high	Low	1.69 - 3.04
Optimising grazing intensity	Low / medium	Medium (already done in some areas)	0.11 - 0.81
Length and timing of grazing	Medium	Medium	0.11 - 0.81
Grassland renovation	Low	High	0.11 - 0.81
Optimising manure storage	Medium / high	Medium	
Manure application techniques	Medium	Medium	1.54 - 2.79
Application of manure to cropland versus grassland	Low	Medium	1.54 - 2.79
Organic soil restoration	Medium / high	Medium	36.67 - 73.33



Source: Climsoil study Dec 2008

^{*} Based on potential uptake by farmers

Ex of mitigation RE production and fossil fuel substitution

First pillar
Crops diversification
Permanent grassl

Organic farming SRC coupled payment

FAS scope

Second pillar
Investments
A-E C M
brestry measures
Training
FAS support...





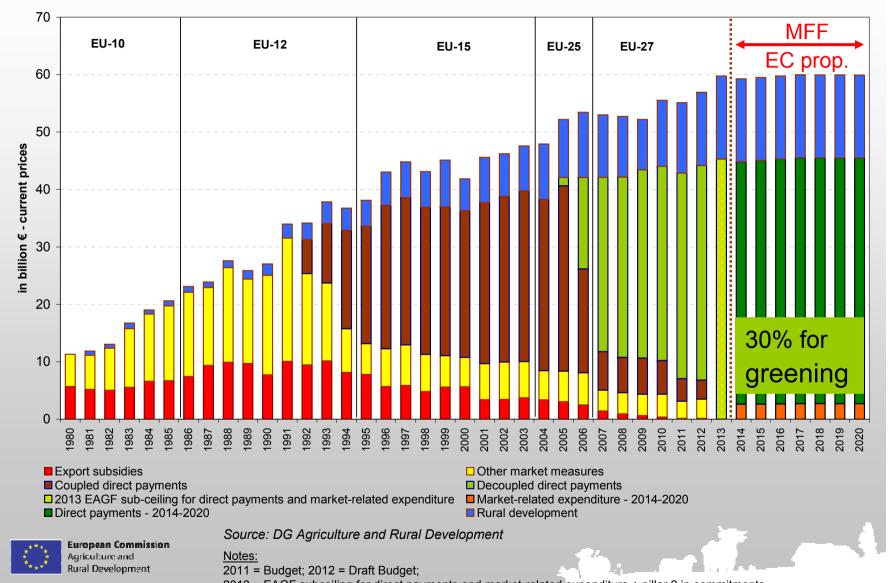
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EU level: CAP expenditure and MFF Commission proposal

(CAP expenditure and CAP reform path, in current prices)



2013 = EAGF subceiling for direct payments and market-related expenditure + pillar 2 in commitments.

EU level MFF

Commission proposed levels for 2014-2020 (maintaining CAP spending at 2013 levels in nominal terms)

In constant 2011 prices

- Pillar I – Direct payments and market expenditure	€281.8 bn
- Pillar II – Rural development	€89.9 bn
Total Pillar I and II	€371.7 bn
- Food safety	€2.2 bn
- Most deprived persons	€2.5 bn
- Reserve for crisis in the agricultural sector	€3.5 bn
- European Globalisation Fund	Up to €2.5 bn
- Research and innovation on food security, the bio-economy	€4.5 bn
and sustainable agriculture	
Total additional funds	€15.2 bn
Total proposed budget for the period 2014-2020	€386.9 bn

Source: Commission Communication 'A budget for Europe 2020' - COM(2011) 500 final, part II.



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Where we are with the CAP reform process

12 April – 11 June 2010

Public debate (EU citizens and organisations)

19-20 July 2010

Public conference

18 November 2010

Commission Communication 'The CAP towards 2020'

23 November 2010 - 25 January 2011

Consultation on Impact assessment (stakeholders)

29 June 2011

Commission proposals on the EU budget 2014-2020*

12 October 2011

Commission legal proposals on the CAP

The legal proposals are accompanied by an <u>impact assessment</u> that evaluates alternative scenarios for the evolution of the policy on the basis of extensive quantitative and qualitative analysis



2011-2013

Debate in the European Parliament and the Council

By the end of 2013

Approval of Regulations and implementing acts



* Multiannual Financial Framework

For further information

- Agriculture and climate change
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/climate change/index en.htm
- The CAP after 2013
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/cap-post-2013/index_en.htm
- EU agriculture and CAP reform
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/index_en.htm
- Economic Analysis and Evaluation
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/analysis/index_en.htm
- Agricultural Policy Analysis and Perspectives
 http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/analysis/perspec/index_en.htm

